SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO HÀ NỘI TRƯỜNG THPT PHÙNG KHẮC KHOAN-THACH THẤT

Đề chính thức

ĐỀ THI HSG CẤP TRƯỜNG KHỐI 10, 11 Năm học: 2019 – 2020

Môn: TIÊNG ANH 10 (Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút) Không kể thời gian giao đề

Số phách	
(Thí sinh không ghi phần này)	

Ghi chú:

- Thí sinh làm bài trực tiếp vào đề thi, thí sinh kiểm tra đề thi trước khi làm bài.
- Thí sinh không ghi bất kỳ ký hiệu nào khác vào bài thi

PART A: Phonetics.

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.(0,5point)

1.	A. concerned	B. interfer <u>ed</u>	C. preserv <u>ed</u>	D. invented
2.	A. h <u>ea</u> rd	B. h <u>ea</u> r	C. n <u>ea</u> r	D. f <u>ea</u> r
3.	A. contrast	B. ins <u>tr</u> ument	C. cen <u>tr</u> e	D. nu <u>tr</u> ition
4.	A. stops	B. promis <u>es</u>	C. practis <u>es</u>	D. kiss <u>es</u>
5.	A. talent	B. guitar.	C. pi <u>a</u> no	D. classical

Your answers:

1	1 ^	1 1	A	—
	· /	l •	∠	
1.	4.	. J•	7.	J.
1	<u> </u>			

II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group. (0.5point)

5-0	apt (oje pomie)			
1.	A. perform	B. support	C. promote	D. gender
2.	A. repetition	B. priority	C. ability	D. communicate
3.	A. treatment	B. control	C. contract	D. entrant
4.	A. woman	B. equal	C. apply	D. nature
5.	A. domestic	B. volunteer	C. progression	D. donation

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.

PART B: READING COMPREHENSION.

I. Read the following text and fill in each blank with one suitable word.(1point)

John Lennon was born in Liverpool in 1940. He was always(1)......... on music and played in pop groups at school and Art College. John got married(2)......Cynthia in 1962 and they had a son, his name was Julian. At that time, John was a member of a group......(3)...... 'The Beatles'. Many beautiful songs were written by John and wherever the group went, crowds of(4).......gathered to see them. Lots of people were their hair cut in a Beatles styles. Soon, everyone had heard of 'The Beatles' and John was(5)..... richer than he had ever been.

Having achieved world-wide success, John started to make records on his own after 1968, and it was in the same year(6)...... his marriage to Cynthia(7)......to an end. He had met Yoko Ono, a Japanese artist,(8)...... he married the following year. They(9)..... up home in the United States and had a son called Sean.

Many people consider John Lennon to be the most talented of all 'The Beatles'. He sang about peace and love and so when he was murdered by one of his fans, outside his New York apartment, the(10)...... world was shocked. More than 50,000 fans turned up to a speacial ceremony in his memory. He was only forty when he died.

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

II.Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.(1point)

The World Wide Web was developed by British physicist and computer scientist Timothy Berners-Lee as a project within the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN) in Geneva, Swizerland. Berners-Lee combined sevaral existing ideas into a single system to make it easier for physicists to use data on the Internet. Most important, he added multimedia - the ability to include graphics - to the hyperlink concept found in a previous Internet service known as gopher. Berners-Lee had begun working with hypertext in the early 1980s. Anearly prototype implementation of the Web became operational at CERN in 1989, and the idea quickly spread to universities in the rest of the world.

Groups at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign researched and extended Web technology. They developed the first browser that was used at many sites, named Mosaic, in 1993. To allow the Web to be accessed from a wide variety of computer systems, researchers built multiple versions of Mosaic. Each version was designed to be used with a specific operating system, the software that controls the computer. Within a year, computer programmer Marc Andreessen had formed a commercial company, Netscape Communication, to built and sell Web

technologies.		_	
1. What does "WWW" sta	and for?		
A. World Web Wide		B. Wide World Web	
C. Web World Wide		D. World Wide Web	
2. The World Wide Web v	vas developed		
A. an American		•	D. a French
3. Timothy Berners-Lee in	nvented the Wo	orld Wide Web (WWW) in	1989, while
A. working with CENR			,
C. woking at CERN		_	
4. The scientist who devel	oped the World	d Wide Web was majoring	in
A. math and physics	-	B. math and computer	
C. computer and physics		D. math, physics and comp	outer
5. Which sentence below i	s not correct ?		
A. TimothyBerners	-Lee spoker Er	nglish very well	
B. Timothy Berners	s-Lee was born	in Geneva, Switzerland	
C. Timothy Berners	s-Lee was the f	irst person to develop WW	W
D. Some existing id	leas were comb	oined into a single system b	y him

- **6**. Which word means "a connection that allows you to move easily between two computer
- documents or two page on the Internet"?
- C. project D. hyperlink A. graphic B. datum
- **7**. Which sentences is **not correct**?
- A. "hypertext" means "a way of joining a word or image to another page, document, etc. on the Internet or in another computer program so that you can move from one to the other easily"
- B. Berners-Lee had begun working with hypertext in the early 1980s.
- C. An early prototype implementation of the Web became operational at CERN in 1989.
- D. The idea slowly spread to universities in the rest of the world.
- 8. Who researched and extended Web technology?

- A. Group at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
- B. The European Organization for Nuclear Research
- C. Timothy Berners-Lee
- D. Marc Andreessen
- 9. Which sentences is **not correct**?
- A. Mosatic was one of the scientists who developed WWW.
- B. The first browser that was used at many sites was developed in 1993.
- C. Researchers built numerous verions of Mosait to allow the Web to be accessed from a wide varity of computer systems
- D. Each version was designed to be used with a particular working system.
- 10. "**Multiple**" in the reading means

A. plural B. single C. only D. numerous

Your answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

III. Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.(1point)

Belgium is a very old country, with a fascinating mixture of old customs and modern laws. Belgium weddings may be performed as a civil ceremony or as a religious ceremony.

Traditionally, when a couple in Belgium wishes to announce their marriage, the wedding invitations are printed on two sheets of paper, one from the bride's family and one sheet from the groom's family. These wedding invitations symbolize the union of the two families and the partnership of the new union.

An ancient Belgium custom that is designed to unite the two families calls for the bride to stop as she walks up the aisle and to hand her mother a single flower. The two then embrace. Then, during the recessional, the bride and groom walk to the groom's mother and the new bride hands her new mother-in- law a single flower and the two of <u>them</u> embrace, symbolizing the bride's acceptance of her new mother.

One of the most important and enduring traditions of the Belgium wedding is for the bride to carry a specially embroidered handkerchief that has her name embroidered on it. After the wedding this handkerchief is framed and hung on the wall in a place of honor. When the next female member of the bride's family is to be wed, the handkerchief is removed from its frame, the new bride's name is embroidered onto it, and it is passed down. The wedding handkerchief is passed from generation to generation, and is considered an important family *heirloom*.

During the wedding mass, the bride and the groom are enthroned in two large chairs placed near the altar, symbolizing that on this day and in this place they are the king and the queen. At the conclusion of the ceremony, the groom slips the wedding ring onto the third finger of his bride's left hand. The ring, being an endless circle, symbolizes never-ending love, and the third finger of the left hand is believed to hold the vein that travels to the heart, symbolizing love. At the conclusion of the ceremony, the bride and groom share their first kiss as husband and wife. The kiss is considered a symbolic act of sharing each other's spirit as the couple each breathes in a portion of their new mate's soul.

The bridesmaids traditionally take up a collection of coins and as the bride and groom exit the church, the bridesmaids toss the coins to the poor outside the church. Giving gifts of money to the poor helps to *insure* prosperity for the new bride and groom.

Following the wedding the bride and groom are off on their honeymoon. In ancient times the honeymoon, which was celebrated by the drinking of mead, or honey wine, would last 28 days, one complete cycle of the moon. This was to make sure that the bride's family did not try to steal their daughter back from her new husband.

	onowing could be t	ne dest title of	ms passage?	
A. Belgium's we	-			
B. The difference	es between an ancie	ent wedding an	d a modern one i	n Belgium.
C. The bride's an	d groom's tradition	al activities in	their wedding da	y.
D. Belgium's we	dding customs and	traditions.		
_	word ''them'' in th		oh refer to?	
A. the bride and h			ne bride and her	mother-in-law.
B. the bride and t	he groom			s mother-in-law.
	dered on the handk		ne groom and m	inother in law.
			01110#G	D. rings
A. bride's name	•	ame C. fl		D. rings
_	is true about Belgiu	_		
_	in Belgium are no	=		_
_		•		he groom's families.
	of the couple is give	-		
	en hugs her mother-		-	
5. It can be inferr	ed from the passage	e that the wedd	ing handkerchief	f
A. is prepared fo	r the bride by her n	nother before th	ne wedding.	
B. is highly appr	eciated in the home	of Belgian peo	ple.	
C. is only replace	ed by another perso	n in their house	2.	
	d in most importan			
	·loom'' in paragrap		•	
A. dowry				
•	aragraph 5, what is			
				, iliig :
	the third finger of			
_	ears the ring for his			remony.
	esents the boundless		_	
	esented by the quee			
	ure'' in the paragra			
A. express	B. indemnify	C.	determine	D. affirm
9. The author m	entioned honeymo	oon in the pas	t in the last pa	ragraph as a period
that				
A. the bride and	the groom live far t	from each other	•	
B. lasts for a fort	night after wedding	Ţ.		
	ew bride from her f		take her back.	
•	e serves the guests	•		
_		•	usion of the cere	mony as husband and
wife?	ride and groom sin	ire at the coner	asion of the core	mony as nasouna and
A. wedding ring	B. kiss	C fi	ngers	D. handkerchief
A. wedding fing	D. KISS	C. II	iigeis	D. Handkereiner
Your answers:				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
I. Write the corre	nar and Vocabula ect form of the wo	rds in parenth		ks (0,5 point).
	t at night is an	_		
	ensto what she			
3. More sho	uld be given to the	se people to co	ntinue their studi	ies.(courage)
4. I did not go out	last night because	Iand I d	id not want to se	ee anyone. (depress)
				and the tent which they

had with them. (survive)

Your answers:				
1.	4.			
2.	5.			
3.				
II. Identify the errors and correct them in t	he following sentences.(0,5 point)			
1. When I lived with my parents, they did not	let me watch TV at night. I was made study a			
lot.				
2. Sea turtle eggs are buried to protect from ea	ating by other animals.			
3. Many people are hating living in Hue becau				
4. Do you think everything is going to be finis	shed when we get back from the store.			
5. We can go to the pool, so we can go horse-	riding, whichever you prefer.			
Your answers:	,			
1.	4.			
2.	5.			
3.				
III. Use the verbs in the brackets in the cor	rect form to complete the following			
sentences.(1point)				
1. Don't forgetme a call when you arrive.	(give)			
2. The school does not allow students	<u>-</u>			
3. At present Maryher clothes. She often	the clothes on Sundays.(wash)			
4. Be careful! You your coffee. (spill)				
5. He in a bank since leaving school.	,			
6. She still continuesin volunteer activities	s after graduation. (join)			
7. By next year, all the money(spend)	4			
8. Shewhen she saw her reflection on the mirror. (frighten)				
	` <u> </u>			
9. When to explain his mistake, the n	` <u> </u>			
9. When to explain his mistake, the r (ask)	new employee cleared his throat nervously.			
9. When to explain his mistake, the r (ask) 10. After dinner, he watches television.	new employee cleared his throat nervously.			
9. When to explain his mistake, the result (ask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers:	new employee cleared his throat nervously. (eat)			
9. When to explain his mistake, the r (ask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1.	new employee cleared his throat nervously. (eat) 6.			
9. When to explain his mistake, the r (ask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1. 2.	new employee cleared his throat nervously. (eat) 6. 7.			
9. When to explain his mistake, the r (ask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1. 2. 3.	(eat) 6. 7. 8.			
9. When to explain his mistake, the r (ask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1. 2. 3. 4.	eat) 6. 7. 8. 9.			
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9. When to explain his mistake, the reask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. IV. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D. (2)	eat) 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 1 Point)			
9. When to explain his mistake, the reask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. IV. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D. (2) 1it was raining heavily, we went out	(eat) 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 1 Point) It without a raincoat.			
9. When to explain his mistake, the reask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. IV. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D. (1) 1it was raining heavily, we went out A. In spite B. In spite of	(eat) 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 1 Point) It without a raincoat. C. However D. Although			
9. When to explain his mistake, the reask) 10. After dinner, he watches television. Your answers: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. IV. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D. (and the state of the	(eat) 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 1 Point) It without a raincoat. C. However b. Although had wanted for his birthday.			
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A. to be living	B. to have lef	C. to	be leaving	D. being left
8. Youwinte	r clothes to visit Sa	pa in December	because the	weather is so cold.
	B. would brin	_		D. can be
9. Cars on M	Iackinac Island in I	Michigan.		
A. may not seen	B. might not	seen C. may	not have seen	D. may not be seen
10. Share these sw	veets the five	e children and se	ee that each o	ne gets a fair share.
A. to	B. between	C. for	r	D. among
Your answers:				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
Part 4: Writing				
I. Rewrite each of	of the following se	ntences so that	it has a simi	lar meaning to the
original one. (1po				
	ning English 10 ye			
2. Our dog bit the	•			
.				
•	would like me to st	•		
•				
	e here is pointless,			ard.
It's no		1 1.1	1 .1 1	
~	ent raised interest ra	•		
-			similar mea	ning to the first sentence,
0	ed word. (1 point)			
1. Geraid is too yo	oung to vote. (old)			
2 "If I were you	Jane, I'd take an u	mbrella and a ra	incoat " Δnn	ahel (advisad)
2. If I were you,	Jane, i u take an u	iliofella allu a la	illicoat. Allii	auei (auviseu)
•••••	•••••	••••••	•••••••	
				shing his work, (although)
	•	•		work, (arthough)
	visit to Japan.(time			
	······································			
5. I don't want to	argue with you any	more. (tired)		
•••••		` ,		
III. Build senter	nces, using the give	en words to ma	ke meaningf	ful sentences. (1point)
	n dollars, what/ you		O	, <u>-</u>
2. I / look forward	/ see you again / n	ext month.		
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		
3. Habit/ taking ba	ath/ with cold water	/ should/ get ric	d/ it/ do/ harm	n/ body.
			•••••	
4. They/ drive/ 3 h	nours/ before/ stop/	lunch/ road-side	e restaurant.	
		•••••	•••••	
5. They/ play/ teni	nis/ when/ it/ rain.			
			•••••	
		The End		

SỞ GD & ĐT HÀ NỘI TRƯỜNG THPT PHÙNG KHẮC KHOAN – THẠCH THẤT

ĐỀ THI HỌC SINH GIỚI CẤP TRƯỜNG MÔN: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 10 THỜI GIAN 150 PHÚT

Đáp Án

PART A: Phonetics.

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others. (0,5point)

Your answers:

1. D.	2. A.	3. C.	4. A.	5. B
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II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group. (0,5point)

Your answers:

1. D.	2. A.	3. B.	4. C.	5. B.
--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

PART B: READING COMPREHENSION.

I. Read the following text and fill in each blank with one suitable word.(1point)

Your answers:

1. keen/	2. to	3. called	4fans	5. far/much
hooked				
6. that	7. came	8. whom	9. set	10. whole/entire/music/entertainment/pop/rock

II.Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.(1point)

Your answers:

1. D.	2. B.	3. C.	4. C.	5. B.
6. D	7. D.	8. A.	9. A.	10. D.

III. Read the following passage and choose the correct answers.(1point)

Your answers:

1. D.	2. C.	3. A.	4 D.	5. B
6. B.	7. C.	8. B.	9. C.	10. B.

PART C. Grammar and Vocabulary

I. Write the correct form of the words in parentheses in the blanks (0,5 point).

Your answers:

1. attraction	2. attentively	3.encouragement	4. was depressed	5.survival
---------------	----------------	-----------------	------------------	------------

II.Identify the errors and correct them in the following sentences.(0,5 point).

1. study \rightarrow (to study)	4. is going to→ will
2. eating \rightarrow (being eaten)	$5. \text{ so } \rightarrow \text{ or }$
3. are hating \rightarrow hate	

III. Use the verbs in the brackets in the correct form to complete the following sentences.(1point)

Your answers:

1. to give	6. to join
2. to use	7. will have been spent
3. is washing/ washes	8. was frightened
4. are going to spill	9. asked
5. has been working/ hasworked	10.eating

IV. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D (1 Point)

Your answers:

1. D	2. A.	3. C.	4. A.	5. B.
6. A.	7. B	8. A	9. D.	10. D

Part 4: Writing

- I. A. Rewrite each of the following sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the original one. (1point)
- 1. She has been learning E for 10 years/learnt(learned) E for 10 years
- 2. The postman was bitten by our dog
- 3. They invited me to stay with them in Hanoi
- 4. It's no use waiting for her here because she is is travelling aboard.
- 5. Were the government to raise interest rates they would lose the election.

II. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the suggested word. (1 point)

- 1. Gerald is not old enough to vote
- 2. Annabel advised Jane to tke umbrella and a raincoat.
- 3. He finished his work although he was tired after the long drive.
- 4. This is the first time I have been to Japan.
- 5. I am tired of arguing with you.

C. Build sentences, using the given words to make meaningful sentences. (1point)

- 1. If you had a million dollars, what would you do?
- 2. I am looking forward to seeing you again next month.
- 3. Habit of taking bath with cold water should be got rid of as it can do harm to your body.
- 4. They had been driving for 3 hours before they stopped for lunch at a road-side restaurant
- 5. They were playing tennis when it rained.